**BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL, PITAMPURA, DELHI – 110034** 



## **SUBJECT: - FRENCH**

## CLASS 7

Week - 21.12.2020 - 24 .12.2020

Number of blocks – 2 blocks

Topic – Allons à l'école

Sub topics – les verbs - regular -re ending, irregular re ending verb.

Instructional aids – E Lesson plan

Learning outcomes- Each student will be able to:

- Understand and conjugate the regular re ending verbs and irregular re ending verbs • in French.
- Frame the sentences using verbs.

Lesson Development - Conjugate the regular verbs and exceptional verbs given in the elesson plan in the notebook.

Assignment – Do the exercise of the E lesson plan in the notebook.

# 3<sup>rd</sup> group of verbs Re ending verbs

The regular – re ending verb and irregular re ending in a group are called 3rd group verbs.

Let us learn regular – re ending verb.

There are some regular French verbs that end with -re. To conjugate them, there are 3 steps to be followed.

Step -1 Remove "RE" from the root verb (like Attendre- To wait, vendre- to sell etc) to find out the radical

Radical

Attendre (root verb) remove RE Attend(radical)

Vendre- (root verb) remove\_RE Vend(radical)

Step 2 Write the radical with the subject pronouns

J' attend	nous attend
Tu attend	vous attend
II/ elle attend	ils/elles attend

Step 3 Add the endings with the radical. The endings to conjugate Re ending verbs are: -

J'attend <mark>s</mark>	nous attendons
Tu attend <mark>s</mark>	vous attend <mark>ez</mark>
II/ elle attend	ils/elles attend <mark>ent</mark>

Note – Nothing will be added with il and elle form.

Note- All the verbs end with -RE do not follow the above pattern of conjugation.

The verbs which are conjugated like regular -RE ending verbs are

## Other verbs conjugated like attendre:

vendre	to sell
répondre	to answer
descendre	to go down
rendre	to give back, to return
entendre	to hear

## Irregular re ending verbs

Irregular -re ending verbs do not follow the pattern of regular re ending verbs. They are also called exceptions.

## The verbs which are irregular – re ending verbs are as follows.

Present t		o take)	prendre »	Other veri	os conjug	jated like pre	enar
	Sinc	ular	Plural	apprendr			
1st persor		Access to the second	lous pren <b>ons</b>	comprend	dre to un	derstand	
2nd perso			ous pren <mark>ez</mark>				
3rd perso	n II/Elle	pren <mark>d</mark> II	s/Elles prenn <b>ent</b>				
			Present t	ense of vert	0		
	« dire	» (to sa	y)	12	« lire » (	to read)	
1	Sing	ular	Plural		Sing	ular Plur	al
1st persor			us di <b>sons</b>	1st perso		Nous lis	ons
2nd perso		Vo	us di <b>tes</b>	2nd pers	on Tulis	Vous lise	ez
3rd perso			Elles dis <b>ent</b>	3rd perso		lit Ils/Elles	lisen
				1000		in second a local second	
	**	écrire » (	to write)	« me	tre » (to	put)	
		Singular	Plural		Singular	Plural	
1:	st person	J'écris	Nous écri <b>vons</b>	1st person	Je met <mark>s</mark>	Nous mettons	
2	nd person	Tu écris	Vous écri <b>vez</b>	2nd person	Tu met <mark>s</mark>	Vous mettez	4
	rd person		Ils/Elles écri <b>vent</b>	3rd person	II/Elle met	Ils/Elles mettent	
3	•	conjuga	ted like <mark>écrire</mark> :	Other verb	s conjuga	ted like mettre	e:
3	•	to descri		Other verbs	to fight	ted like mettre	<b>e</b> :

Ques -1 Conjuguez les verbes dans le cahier

- 1.Prendre
- 2.Mettre

- 3. Répondre
- 4. Descendre