



**SUBJECT:- FRENCH**

**CLASS 6**

**Week – 1.12. 2020 – 04.12.2020**

**Number of blocks – 1 block in 2 weeks**

**Topic – Les adjectifs**

**Instructional aids – E-lesson plan, E-textbook, YouTube video**

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aTxJBzgPsx4>

**Learning outcomes-** Each student will be able to:

- Learn adjectives
- Describe the objects/ persons using the adjectives
- Ameliorate the speaking skills by describing the objects

**Lesson Development –** Learn the adjectives in its masculine and feminine form. Write the adjectives in the notebook. Attempt the exercises given in the e-lesson plan in the notebook.

**Assignment-** L'exercise, activity of describing the objects.

## **Adjectives**

### **Les Adjectifs**

Adjectives describe the nouns. In French, adjectives can let you know the size, shape, colour, nationality, or any of the possible qualities of the nouns.

Adjectives serve the same purpose in French and English, but they are very different from each other.

### **One of the prominent features of French Adjectives**

- ✓ **Must agree in gender and number with nouns**

#### **1. Gender and Number of French Adjectives**

In English, adjectives have a single form.

For example –

A **small** boy, A **small** girl, Some **small** boys, Some **small** girls

But in French, they can have up to 4 forms, according to the gender and number of the nouns they modify:

Par exemple...

**Small** – which has 4 forms (**petit/petits/petite/petites**)

Masculine singular	Masculine plural
Un garçon petit (a small boy)	Des garçons petits (some small boys)
Feminine singular	Feminine plural
Une fille petite (a small girl)	Des filles petites (small small girls)

Le Deuxième exemple. (2<sup>nd</sup> example )

**Big** which has 4 forms (**grand/grands/grande/grandes**)

Masculine singular	Masculine plural
Un homme grand(a big man)	des hommes grands (some big men)
Feminine singular	Feminine plural
Une femme grande (a big woman)	Des femmes grandes ( some big women)

### Please note

- In French, the adjective agrees with the noun it qualifies.
 

Nicolas	est	grand.
(noun)		(adjective)
Nicolas et Aneesh	sont	grands.
(noun)		(adjective)
- The feminine is normally formed by adding an **e** to the masculine form.

Caroline est grande  
 Caroline et Catherine sont grandes

- The plural is formed by adding **S** to the singular form.
- The plural which end with eau, eu , take X in the plural form.
  - Ils sont contents. (They are happy)
  - Elles sont grandes.(They are big)
    - Ils sont beaux (They are handsome)

**The list of adjectives in French**

Masculine		Feminine		English
Singular	Plural	Singular	Plural	
petit	petit <b>s</b>	petite	petite <b>s</b>	small/short
grand	grand <b>s</b>	grande	grande <b>s</b>	big/tall
joli	joli <b>s</b>	jolie	jolie <b>s</b>	pretty/handsome
laid	laid <b>s</b>	laide	laide <b>s</b>	ugly
intelligent	intelligent <b>s</b>	intelligente	intelligente <b>s</b>	intelligent
mince	minces	mince	mince <b>s</b>	thin
sympathique	sympathique <b>s</b>	sympathique	sympathique <b>s</b>	kind
bon	bon <b>s</b>	bonne	bonne <b>s</b>	good
mauvais	mauvais	mauvaise	mauvaise <b>s</b>	bad
beau	beau <b>x</b>	belle	belle <b>s</b>	beautiful
gros	gros	grosse	grosse <b>s</b>	fat
content	content <b>s</b>	contente	contente <b>s</b>	happy
mécontent	mécontent <b>s</b>	mécontente	mécontente <b>s</b>	unhappy

**L'exercice des adjectifs.**

Ques 1 Remplissez les phrases avec les adjectifs ( Fill in the blanks with the adjectives)

1. Il y a une .....fille (small)
2. C'est une ..... fleur (beautiful)
3. Ce sont de ..... oiseaux (big)
4. L'homme est.....(fat)
5. Il est mon ..... oncle (good)

BBPS, PITAM PURA