

BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL, PITAMPURA, DELHI-110034 LASS V SUBJECT- SOCIAL SCIENCE TERM 2 (2020-21)

TOPIC - Towards Freedom WEEK - 01/12/2020 to 04/12/2020

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

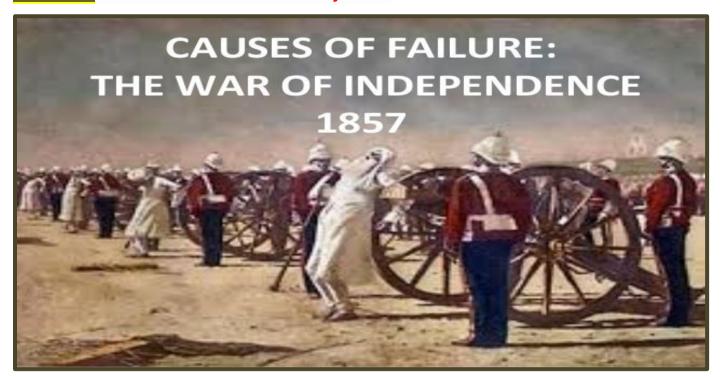
Each child will be able to-

- State at least two reasons responsible for the failure of the First War of Independence.
- List the names of the famous Social and Religious Reformers.



In the previous module, we learnt that The Revolt started at Meerut. The farmers, craftsmen and other sections of the society also joined the revolt as they all were dissatisfied with the British rule.

OUTCOME- The Revolt turned out to be a failure.

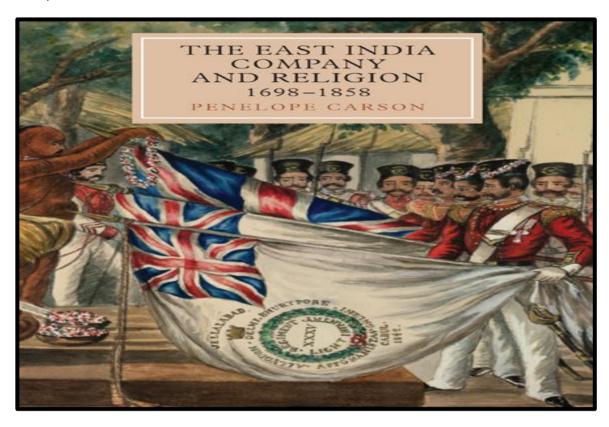


Let us learn about the reasons responsible for the failure of the Revolt:-

- It did not spread to all parts of India.
- Indian soldiers didn't have sufficient money and good weapons.
- The Revolt was not organized properly.
- British soldiers were well-organized with modern weapons.

AFTER THE REVOLT-

- Many Indians were either killed or put into prison.
- The rule of the East India Company ended in 1858.
- The administration of India was taken over by the Government of England.
- Indian princes were allowed to rule over their territories.



The administration of India was taken over by the Government of England.



Though the Revolt was suppressed, it made the British aware that if the Indians got united, they would not allow them to rule over them. It forced the British to reorganize the army, the financial structure and the administration of India through passage of the **Government of India Act in 1858.**

SOCIAL AND RELIGIOUS REFORMERS-

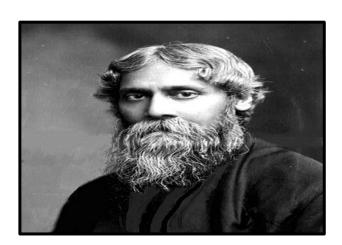
The British introduced modern education in India. Gradually, educated Indians introduced many social and religious reforms, i.e. trying to improve the situation of the country by removing the faults.



Raja Rammohan Roy



Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar



Debendranath Tagore

They strongly protested against social practices, such as-

- a. Sati- custom of a widow burning herself on the funeral pyre of her husband.
- b. Killing female babies
- c. Child marriage
- d. Caste system- division of people into groups based on birth.

They also encouraged widow remarriage and education of women.

YOUTUBE LINKS - https://youtu.be/6lkIMPyGFWQ

QUESTION 1 & 2 TO BE DONE IN THE NOTEBOOK

Q1. How did the British suppress the First War of Independence?

Q2. State whether the following statements are true or false-

- a. Indians soldiers had better weapons than the British soldiers.
- b. The East India Company was dissolved after the Revolt. _____
- c. Division of people into groups based on birth is known as Sati.
- d. The last Mughal emperor was Mangal Pandey.
- e. The kingdom of all the princes was taken away after the First War of Independence.

AAC ACTIVITY- Let us learn by doing- by being a part.....



Imagine yourself to be living in the era of 1857. Write a diary sharing your experience of the situation of Indians under the British rule. (in around 70-80 words).

Share it with your classmates during the online classes.