



BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL, PITAMPURA, DELHI – 110034
CLASS III SUBJECT- ENGLISH TERM II (2020 - 2021)

TOPIC- VERBS

NAME - _____ CLASS III/ SEC _____ DATE 05.10.2020 TO 09.10.2020

Learning Outcomes–Each child will be able to:-

1. understand verbs with examples
2. complete the sentences using appropriate verbs
3. learn about helping verbs
4. know the usage of 'has' and 'have'

Read the sentences given below and look at the action words.

1. I **walk** to school every day.
2. The bell **rang**.

The highlighted words in the sentences above tell us what the people and things are doing. These words express an action.

Words which show what people and things are doing are called Verbs. They are also called Action Words.



Q1. Fill in the blanks using suitable verbs from the box.

swim, bark, goes, runs, drinks, shine, eat, play

1. The train _____ on rails.
2. The fish _____ in the sea.
3. Dogs _____ a lot.

4. Mohan likes to _____ apples.
5. She _____ milk everyday.
6. I _____ badminton.
7. He _____ to the park.
8. Stars _____ in the sky.

A **helping verb** like is , am , are , was or were works with the main verb to show when action occurs.

For example- I **am** running late for my class.

1. We use 'is' with singular nouns. Eg- She is an excellent child.

2. We use 'are' with plural nouns. Eg- They are intelligent students.

3. We use am only with 'I'. Eg- I am happy today.

4. We use 'was' and 'were' when we refer to something that happened earlier.

Eg- He was in class 2 last year.

They were watching a movie last night.

5. We use 'was' with singular nouns. Eg- Veena was at the door.

6. We use 'were' with plural nouns. Eg – The comics were lost.

REMEMBER

'You' can stand for both singular and plural pronouns.

We always use 'are', 'were' with 'you'

You are an intelligent boy.

You were dancing merrily last night.

Q. Fill in the blanks using helping verbs.

is / am / are / was / were

1. He _____ painting right now.
2. Ria _____ waiting at the reception yesterday.
3. I _____ cooking pasta at the moment.
4. She _____ watching television last night.
5. Ravi and Diya _____ currently studying.
6. They _____ going to the market today.
7. We _____ going to the party tonight.
8. It _____ his birthday yesterday.



Rules for using 'Has' and 'Have'

1. We use 'has' with singular nouns.

Eg- He **has** a new car.

2. We use 'have' with plural nouns

Eg- They **have** many servants.

3. We use have with 'I' and 'You'.

Eg- You **have** a pen.

Q. Fill in the blanks with 'has' or 'have'.

1. Our park _____ many trees.
2. Tanya _____ a new doll.
3. We _____ an old car.
4. I _____ a pet cat.
5. One year _____ twelve months.
6. She _____ many friends.
7. I _____ eaten my lunch.
8. Sumit _____ fallen sick.

WORDLY WISE

Dear children, this week we are going to learn five new words as part of our **Wordly Wise** exercise. Given below are the words, match them with their correct meaning. Do this work in your **Vocabulary notebook** or second half of the Lifeskills notebook. Happy Learning!!

1. Affluent
2. Distinct
3. Disappointed
4. Elegant
5. Docile

Use the above words to fill in the blanks below.

Shruti and Anita were good friends. Shruti was an _____ and confident girl. She belonged to an _____ family but she was very lonely as she did not have any friend to play with. Anita was a poor and _____ girl. Despite their _____ personalities they were best of friends. Shruti often called Anita to play and spend time with her. Both of them enjoyed reading books, playing and chatting together. One day, Shruti could not find her imported toy car, which was gifted to her by her Uncle. She was sad and _____.

We are all in the habit of adding the word **'very'** to describe something which is more than ordinary. For example: We are very happy/ very sad/ very excited/ very slow and so on.

We need to replace these words with a single word to make language more compact and richer. For example **'very happy'** can be replaced with the word **'delighted'**.

Five new words for this week:

1. **very dark : lightless**
2. **very busy : overloaded**
3. **very careful : cautious**
4. **very angry : furious**
5. **very afraid : terrified**

BBPS, R