



BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL , PITAMPURA

Class -9

Mathematics

LINEAR EQUATIONS IN TWO VARIABLES (Part – 1)

Guidelines :

Dear Students

Kindly read the content given below and view the links shared for better understanding.

- Solve the given questions in the yellow register provided in the notebook set.

Link for the chapter : <http://ncert.nic.in/textbook/textbook.htm?jemh1=3-15>

Introduction :

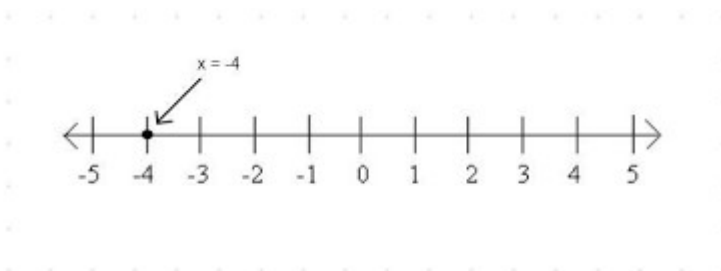
Let us recall that when an equation has only one variable of degree one, then that equation is known as **linear equation in one variable**.

Example : Consider the equation $2x + 8 = 0$

$$2x = - 8$$

$$x = -8/2 = - 4.$$

This can be represented on the number line as shown below :



- Standard form: $ax + b = 0$, where a and b are real numbers and $a \neq 0$
- Examples of linear equation in one variable are : $3x - 9 = 0$, $-2t = 5$

While solving an equation, you must always keep the following points in mind:

The solution of a linear equation is not affected when:

- (i) the same number is added to (or subtracted from) both the sides of the equation.
- (ii) you multiply or divide both the sides of the equation by the same non-zero number.

Let us now consider the following situation:

The total number of lions and peacocks in a certain zoo is 50. The total number of legs is 140.

SOLUTION :

Let the number of lions be x and the number of peacocks be y .

The total number of lions and peacocks in a certain zoo is 50.

$$\text{So, } x + y = 50$$

The total number of their legs is 140.

Lion has 4 legs while peacock has 2.

$$\text{Therefore, } 4x + 2y = 140$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x + y = 70$$

which is the required equation. This is an example of a **linear equation in two variables**.

An equation of the form **$ax + by + c = 0$** , where a, b, c are real numbers such that a and b not both zero is called a **linear equation in two variables**.

For Example: $2x + 3y + 5 = 0$, where $a = 2, b = 3$ which are not zero. So this is linear equation in two variables.

Example : Write each of the following equations in the form $ax + by + c = 0$ and indicate the values of a , b and c in each case: (i) $4x + 9y = 4.3$ (ii) $x - 4 = 3y$ (iii) $5x = y$

@Solution : (i) $4x + 9y = 4.3$ can be written as $4x + 9y - 4.3 = 0$. Here $a = 4$, $b = 9$ and $c = -4.3$.

(ii) The equation $x - 4 = 3y$ can be written as $x - 3y - 4 = 0$. Here $a = 1$, $b = -3$ and $c = -4$.

(iii) The equation $5x = y$ can be written as $5x - y + 0 = 0$. Here $a = 5$, $b = -1$, $c = 0$

Solution of a linear equation : A linear equation in two variables has infinitely many solutions .

Example : Find the solution for the equation $2x + y = 7$.

Solution: To calculate the solution of the given equation we will take different values of x :

For $x = 0$	For $x = 1$	For $x = -1$	For $x = 2$
$2(0) + y = 7$ $y = 7$ Hence, solution is $(0, 7)$.	$2(1) + y = 7$ or, $y = 7 - 2 = 5$ Hence, solution is $(1, 5)$	$2(-1) + y = 7$ or, $(-2) + y = 7$ $y = 7 + 2 = 9$ Hence, Solution is $(-1, 9)$	$2(2) + y = 7$ $4 + y = 7$ or, $y = 7 - 4$ $y = 3$ Hence, Solution is $(2, 3)$

In the same way , we can find **infinite solutions** , for a linear equation in two variables.

POINTS TO BE REMEMBERED

- An equation of the form $ax + by + c = 0$ where a , b and c are real numbers such that a and b are not both zero is called a linear equation in two variables.
- A pair of values of x and y which satisfy the equation $ax + by + c = 0$ is called a solution of the equation.
- A linear equation in two variables has **infinitely many solutions**.

Important links:

Solutions of Linear equation in two variables:

[https://examfear.com/free-video-lesson/Class-9/Maths/Linear-Equations-In-2-Variables/part-4/Linear Equation in 2 variables Part 4 \(Solutions\).htm](https://examfear.com/free-video-lesson/Class-9/Maths/Linear-Equations-In-2-Variables/part-4/Linear%20Equation%20in%20variables%20Part%204%20(Solutions).htm)

Visit <https://examfear.com/> for further reference.

Following questions to be done in register:

Exercise 4.1 :

Q 1

Q2 (ii) , (iii) , (viii)

Exercise 4.2 :

Q2 (i) , (ii)

Q 4