



Dear students

Please read the given content carefully and answer the questions that follow. Write the answers in any separate notebook.

For reference you can read Page no. 25 to 28 of the NCERT textbook available on [www.ncert.nic.in](http://www.ncert.nic.in)

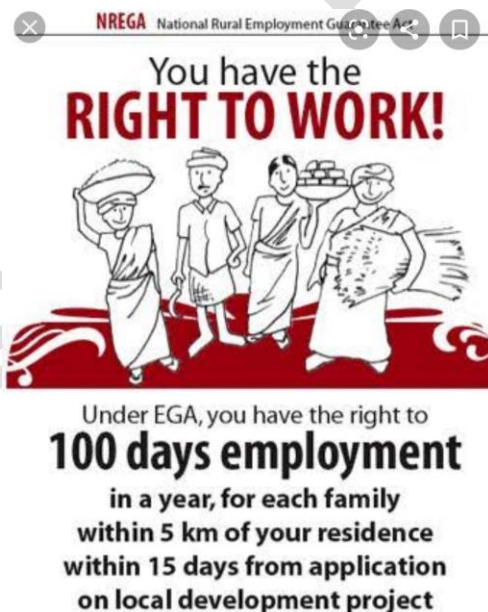
## **CHAPTER-2 SECTORS OF THE INDIAN ECONOMY**

### **INTRODUCTION**

In this E-lesson we will study about the ways to overcome the problem of disguised unemployment from the primary sector of the Indian economy.

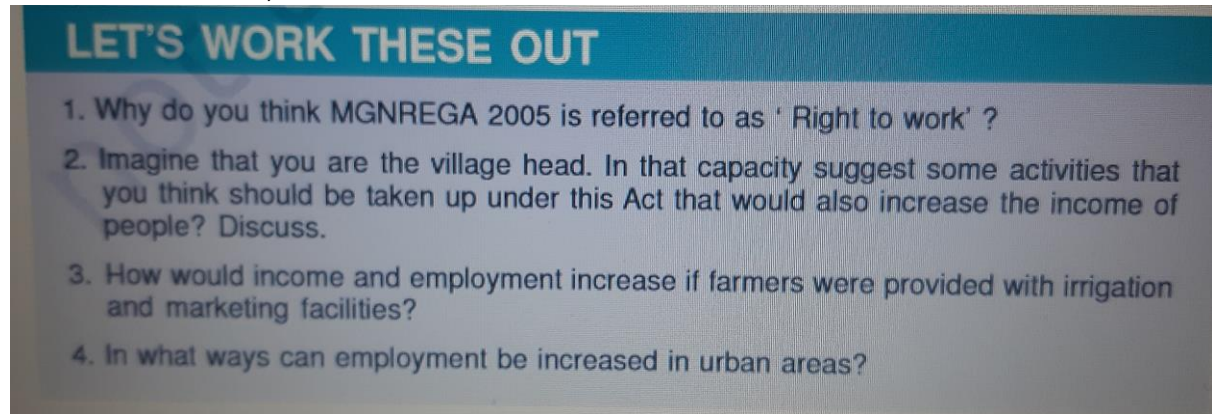
The various ways could be:

1. **Imparting education-** to make them capable of working in the secondary and tertiary sectors. Also, to break their orthodox beliefs that don't let them leave the primary sector
2. **Inculcating skills and imparting training** to help them pick up different occupations
3. **Encouraging entrepreneurship and self-employment** by arranging for cheap, easy and flexible credit
4. **Improvement in the transportation facilities** to encourage the mobility of the workforce from rural to urban areas
5. Giving employment under various **government schemes** like NREGA



6. **Promoting industrial growth** to absorb the migrants from primary to secondary sector

**ACTIVITY** (Attempt these questions either in the textbook or on sheets which can be pasted in the textbook later)



**LET'S WORK THESE OUT**

1. Why do you think MGNREGA 2005 is referred to as 'Right to work' ?
2. Imagine that you are the village head. In that capacity suggest some activities that you think should be taken up under this Act that would also increase the income of people? Discuss.
3. How would income and employment increase if farmers were provided with irrigation and marketing facilities?
4. In what ways can employment be increased in urban areas?

### **RISING IMPORTANCE OF THE TERTIARY SECTOR**

Over the last 40-50 years, it has been observed that the tertiary sector has emerged as the largest producing sector replacing the primary and secondary sectors.

The reasons for the rising importance of the tertiary sector are:

1. Rise in the demand for basic services like healthcare, education, postal services, sanitation etc.
2. The development of the primary and secondary sector has led to an automatic growth of the tertiary sector.
3. Increased demand for luxuries, recreation and rejuvenating activities like spa, shopping mall, restaurants, travel and tourism.
4. Due to globalization, the demand for transportation, communication and satellite technology has gone up rapidly.

**NOTE:** Please note that the services have not grown equally well. At one end, the demand for educated and skilled workers like doctors, architects, lawyers etc. has gone up while on the other hand people who work like rickshaw pullers, garbage pickers, repair workers etc. still continue to struggle for a decent living.

### **ASSIGNMENT**

Q1. Pen down the key features of NREGA.

Q2. Huge disparities are observed within the growth pattern of the tertiary sector of India. Comment.

Q3. How is the tertiary sector different from the other two sectors? Explain.

Q4. Analyse the reasons for the rising importance of the tertiary sector in India.