



BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL, PITAMPURA

CLASS 9

GEOGRAPHY

INDIA – SIZE AND LOCATION

Q.1. The coastline of India is _____ km long.

- a. 2343
- b. 5673
- c. 7625
- d. 7516

Q.2. If the local time in Arunachal Pradesh is 2pm, then the local time of Gujarat will be –

- a. 2 pm
- b. 12noon
- c. 4pm
- d. 3:15pm

Q.3. The easternmost longitude of India is-

- a. $89^{\circ}45'E$
- b. $67^{\circ}8'E$
- c. $97^{\circ}25'E$
- d. $82^{\circ}30'E$

Q.4. Which line divides India vertically from the center?

- a. Tropic of Cancer
- b. Standard Meridian of India
- c. Tropic of Capricorn
- d. Equator

Q.5. Which geographical feature allowed the travellers to pass through the Himalayas in ancient and medieval times?

- a. gulf
- b. strait
- c. pass
- d. canal

Q.6. Which of the following neighbouring countries does not share their land boundary with China?

- a. Himachal Pradesh
- b. Manipur
- c. Sikkim
- d. Arunachal Pradesh

Q.7. State whether the given statement is True or False:

Palk Strait is a narrow channel of water separating India and Sri Lanka.

Q.8. The North-South extent of India in terms of kms is-

- a. 2933km
- b. 2546km
- c. 3214km
- d. 3987km

Q.9. Find out the incorrect statement :

- a. India's eminent position in the ocean justifies the name of the Indian Ocean.
- B. Indian landmass has a central location between the east and west Asia.
- c. Ideas of Upanishads, Decimal system, Panchatantra reached different parts of the world from India.
- d. Indian Peninsula is called so because it is surrounded by ocean from four sides.

Q.10. Find out the incorrect statement-

- a. the latitudinal and longitudinal extent of India is 30°
- b. the latitudinal extent influences the duration of day and night as one moves from south to north.
- c. the longitudinal extent of India brings the difference of time in India
- d. the latitudinal extent influences the duration of day and night as one moves from north to south.

Q.11. Identify the shaded state from the given image-



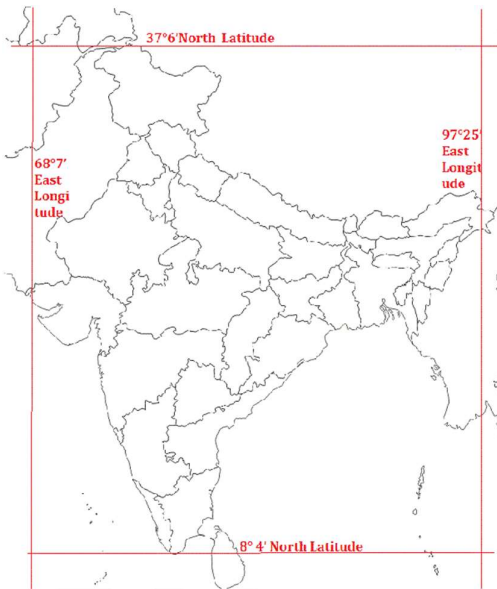
- a. Sikkim
- b. Assam
- c. Tripura
- d. Meghalaya

Q.12. Identify the island group in the given image:



- a. Andaman and Nicobar islands
- b. Sri Lanka
- c. Lakshadweep
- d. Maldives

Q.13. Identify the southernmost latitude of India from the given image-



- a. 8° 4' N
- b. 68° 7' E
- c. 37° 6' N
- d. 97° 25' E

Q.14. Which of the following waterbodies does not help in the formation of Indian Peninsula?

- a. Arabian Sea
- b. Indian Ocean
- c. Bay of Bengal
- d. Atlantic Ocean

Q.15. The Standard Meridian of India passes through-

- a. Mirzapur
- b. Bhagalpur
- c. Ratnapur
- d. Chitrakoot

MAP ITEMS TO BE DONE-

1. States and Capitals of India
2. Union Territories of India
3. Tropic of Cancer and Standard Meridian
4. Palk Strait
5. Neighbouring countries of India
6. Extreme latitudes and longitudes of India

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