



BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL, PITAMPURA, DELHI – 110034

French

Class - VII

GUIDELINES

- Welcome to class VII and to this virtual way of learning.
- Make a new French notebook for the year 2020-21 and complete all the work given below in the French notebook.
- All the work done will be checked when the school reopens.
- Write the conjugations of the verbs in the French notebook.
- You can either take a print out of the sheet and paste it in the French notebook or write it yourself.

Happy learning!

Week 2

Topic – Les articles indéfinis

Indefinite articles

(Revision)

Note – This topic has already been taught in class 6

The indefinite articles: un, une and des

1 The basic rules

- In English we have the indefinite article **A**, which changes to **AN** in front of a word that starts with a vowel and **some** which is used in plural form
- In French, we have **un**, **une** and **des**, depending on whether the noun is masculine or feminine, and singular or plural.

	with masculine noun	with feminine noun
Singular	un	une
Plural	des	des

- **un** is used in front of masculine singular nouns.

un stylo	a pen
un chien	a dog
un jardin	a garden

- **une** is used in front of feminine singular nouns.

une fleur	a flower
une chaise	a chair
une porte	a door

- **des** is used in front of plural nouns, whether they are masculine or feminine or even start with a vowel

des fleurs	Some flowers
des livres	some books
des amis	somefriends



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1JjvkfcWVeY> -You tube link for a quick glance at indefinite articles. (it is advisable to watch it from the beginning till 2.00 minutes only)

Ques 1 - Remplissez les blancs avec les articles indéfinis

(Fill in the blanks with indefinite articles)

1. Elle a chat.
2. Il mange (to eat)bananes.
3. C'eststylo.
4. Il yafourmis.
5. Vousregardez film
6. Je suisfille.
7. Je suisgarçon.
8. C'esttomate.
9. Vousmangez (eat)bonbons.
10. Je regardetélévison.

Topic –Les articles définis

The definite articles

Revision

Note – This topic has already been taught in class 6

Bonjour!

Today we will revise the definite article: **le, la, l' and les**

1 The basic rules

- In English we only have one definite article: *the*. In French, there is more than one definite article to choose from. All French nouns are either masculine or feminine and, just as in English, they can be either singular or plural. The word you choose for *the* depends on whether the noun it is used with is masculine or feminine, singular or plural. This may sound complicated, but it is not too difficult.

	with masculine noun	with feminine noun	Masculine nouns which begin with vowel	Feminine nouns which begin with vowel
Singular	le	la	L'	L'
Plural	les	les	les	Les

Tip

le and **la** change to **l'** when they are used in front of a word starting with a vowel and most words starting with **h**.

- le** is used in front of masculine singular nouns.

le stylo	the pen
le chien	the dog
le jardin	the garden

- la** is used in front of feminine singular nouns.

la fleur	the flower
la chaise	the chair
la porte	the door

- **l'** is used in front of singular nouns that start with a vowel (*a, e, i, o, or u*), whether they are masculine or feminine.

l'ami (<i>masculine</i>)	the friend
l'eau (<i>feminine</i>)	the water
l'étage (<i>masculine</i>)	the floor

- **les** is used in front of plural nouns, whether they are masculine or feminine and whatever letter they start with.

les chiens	the dogs
les portes	the doors
les amis	the friends
les hotels	the hotels



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NukTD7A81uY> – you tube link for a quick glance at definite articles.

Ques 1 –Remplissez les blancs avec les articles définis (le,la,les,l')

Fill in the blanks with definite articles.



1. cuillère.



2. lit



3. gants de boxe.



4. village.



5. pyramides.



6. commerçant.



7. détectives.



8. marionnette.



9. étoile

(you can find the meaning and gender of the nouns given in the exercise from